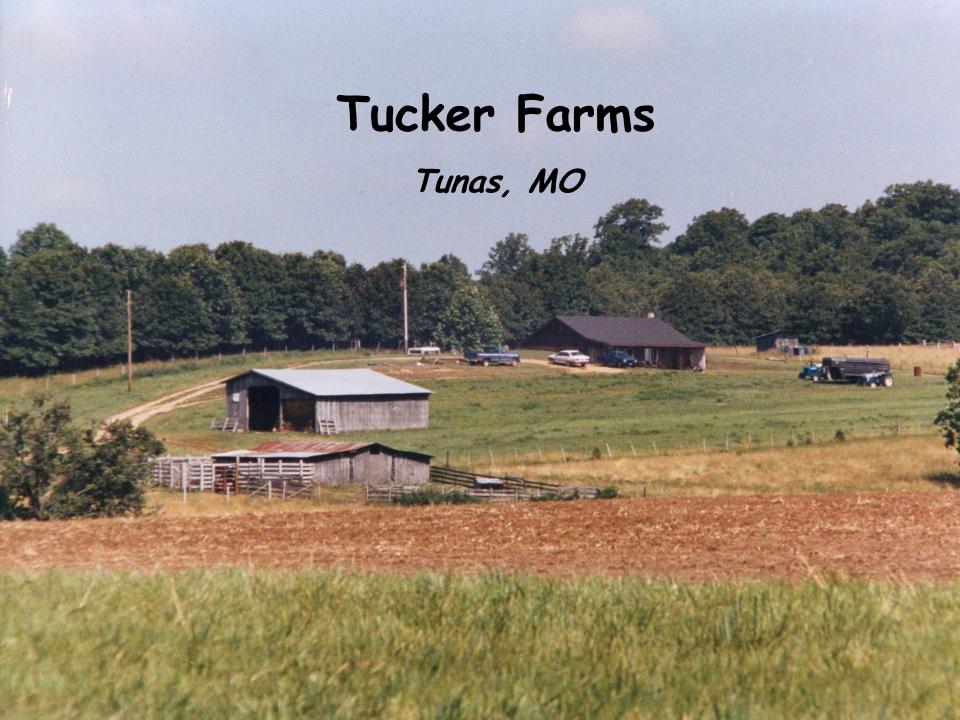
#### "Stockpile Management"

Wesley Tucker
Agriculture Business Specialist
University of Missouri Extension

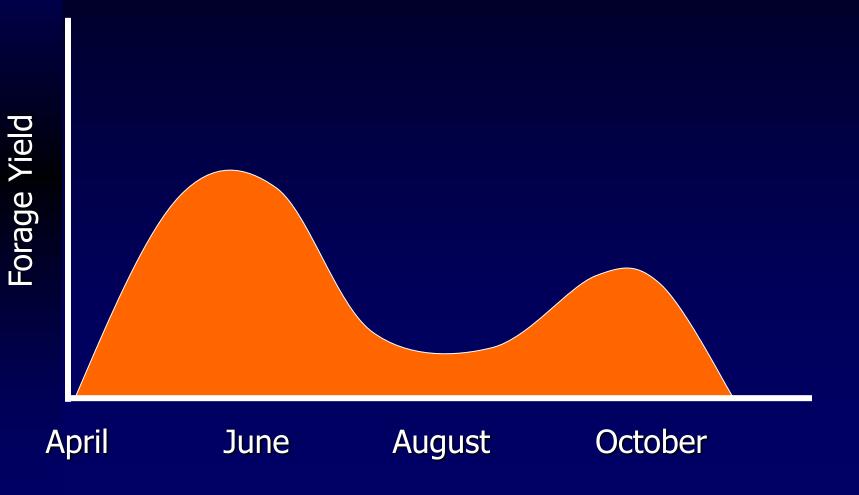




- MU Extension since May 2001
- My job is to help you make more money
- Starts right here



# **Stocking Rate: Cool-Season Grasses**



### Winter Feed is Expensive



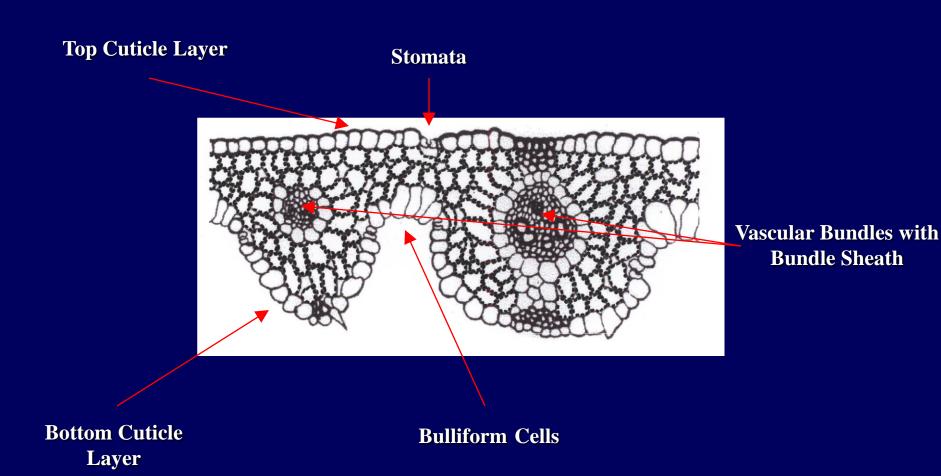
ESTIMATED OPERATING COSTS/COV	W			
Pasture (rental rate)			\$91.31	\$96.33
Hay and forage			149.44	111.33
Grain			0.00	0.00
Protein and mineral			57.56	47.03
Labor			55.00	55.00
Veterinary, drugs, and supplies	3		25.00	25.00
Marketing			21.97	19.91
Utilities and all machinery costs	3		108.33	101.96
Livestock facility repairs			8.00	8.00
Breeding charge		_		
Cow replacement (15% of	f heifers)	A	218.46	218.46
Bull cost or A.I. charge	200		14.50	14.50
Interest on breeding stock	uyu		85.70	85.70
Insurance on breeding stock	:k		13.18	13.18
Professional fees (legal, accoun	nting, etc.)		1.00	1.00
Miscellaneous			6.00	6.00
Interest on 1/2 operating costs	@ 7%		17.63	16.01
	TOTAL OPERATING O	COSTS	\$873.09	\$819.41

#### **Tall Fescue in Autumn**



- Almost entirely leaf
- Grows rapidly from early September until November 1 to 2 tons per acre with good management
- More fall growth than other CSG's
- Waxy layer on leaves slows deterioration

#### **Cuticle Layer of Tall Fescue**



#### **Reducing Winter Feed Costs**

#### Hay is expensive costing \$1-1.50 hd<sup>-1</sup> d<sup>-1</sup>

- Equipment cost
- 2. Transportation cost
- Storage cost (Horner, 2005)



## Stockpiled tall fescue is inexpensive costing \$0.45 hd<sup>-1</sup> d<sup>-1</sup>

- 1. Extends the grazing season (Fribourg and Bell, 1984)
- 2. Reduces winter labor cost (Van Keuren, 1970)
- 3. Almost eliminates the need for hay (Clark, 2003)

However, tall fescue is commonly infected with a fungal endophyte, known to caused animal health disorders

#### The Recipe

- August 1<sup>st</sup> to 15<sup>th</sup>
  - ◆Start w/ a clean field
    - 3" to 6" growth
  - ◆ Fertilize w/ Nitrogen
  - Delay grazing until needed
    - Preferably after Dec 1<sup>st</sup>

#### **How Much N?**

- Generally, 40 to 80 lb/acre
- Higher rate for fields with high water holding capacity, few weeds, little legume, low endophyte
- Lower rate for fields with low fertility, little soil depth, weedy, high legume content, high endophyte

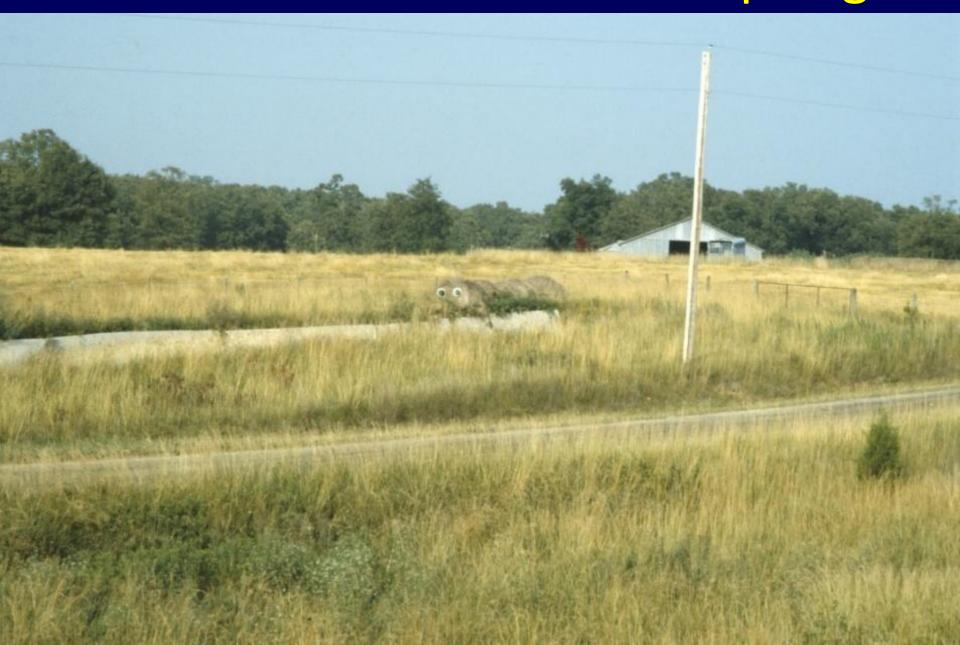
### Choosing the Best Fields for Stockpiling



#### When to Fertilize?

- August 1<sup>st</sup> to 15<sup>th</sup>
- Do I wait for rain?
- Will my fertilizer be there?

#### Is This a Good Field for Stockpiling?

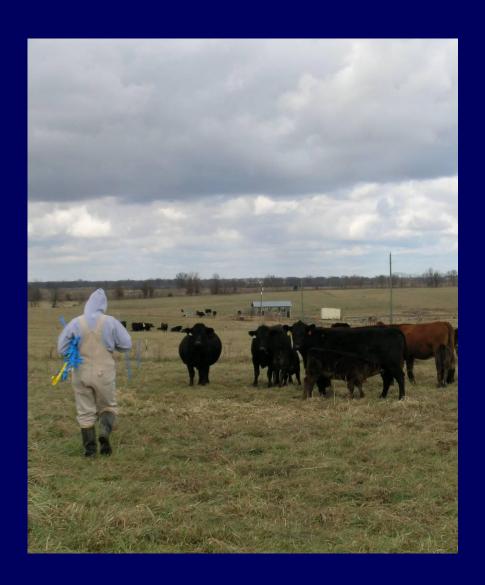


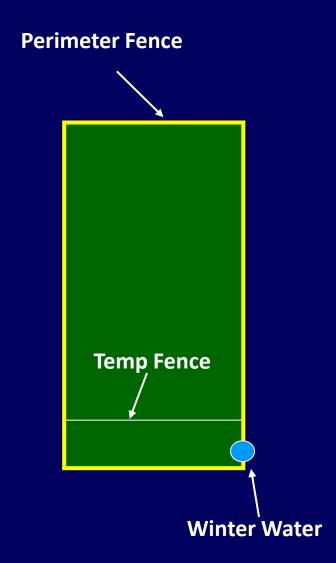


#### **Keys to Success**

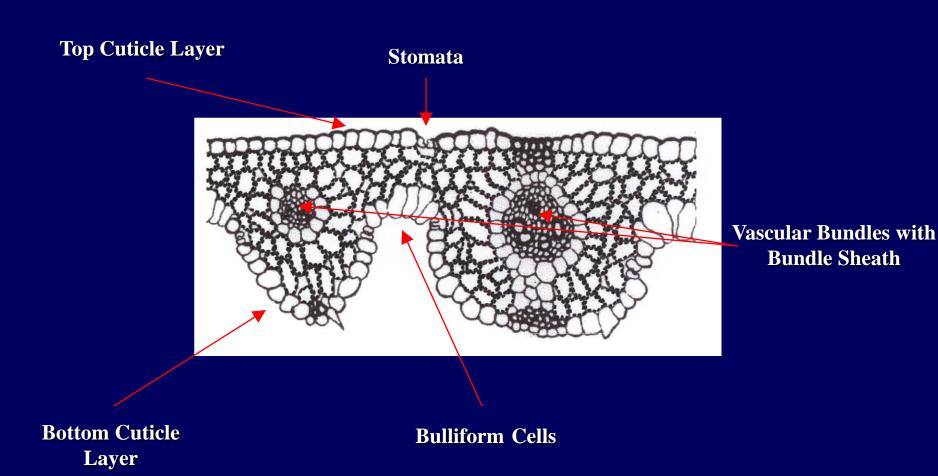
- August 1<sup>st</sup> to 15<sup>th</sup>
  - -Clean Field
  - Applied Fertilizer
  - Accumulated Growth
- January 1<sup>st</sup>
  - What is the most important thing you do?

#### **Strip Grazing**





#### **Cuticle Layer of Tall Fescue**



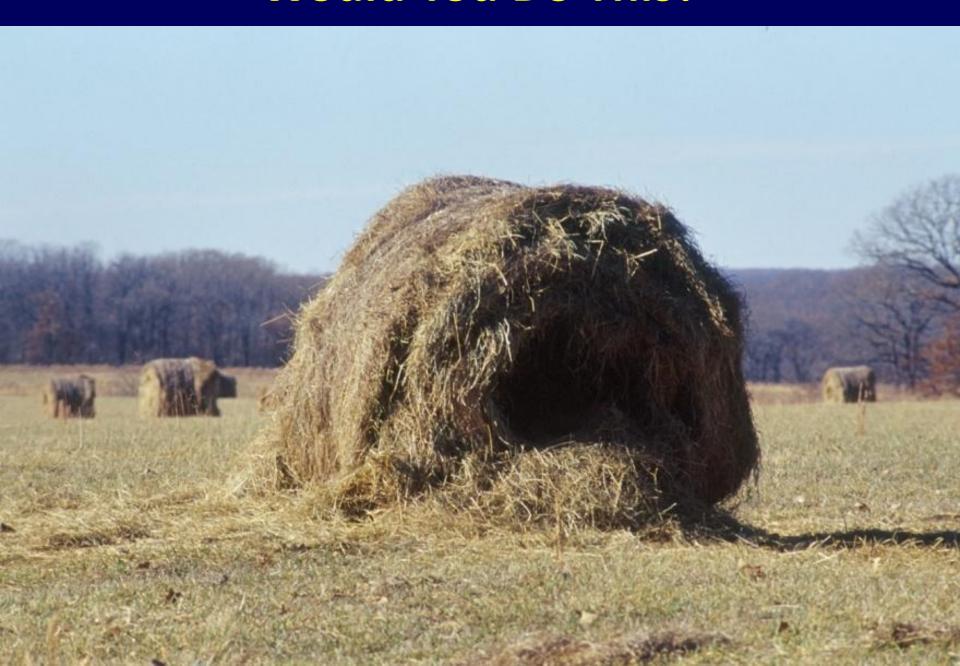
#### **What Caused This?**



## **Utilization Rates of Stockpiled Tall Fescue**

Allocation	Utilization		
days	%		
3	70		
7	50		
14	40		

#### **Would You Do This?**



#### Is This Acceptable?



#### **What Caused This?**



## **Utilization Rates of Stockpiled Tall Fescue**

Allocation	Utilization		
days	%		
3	70		
7	50		
14	40		

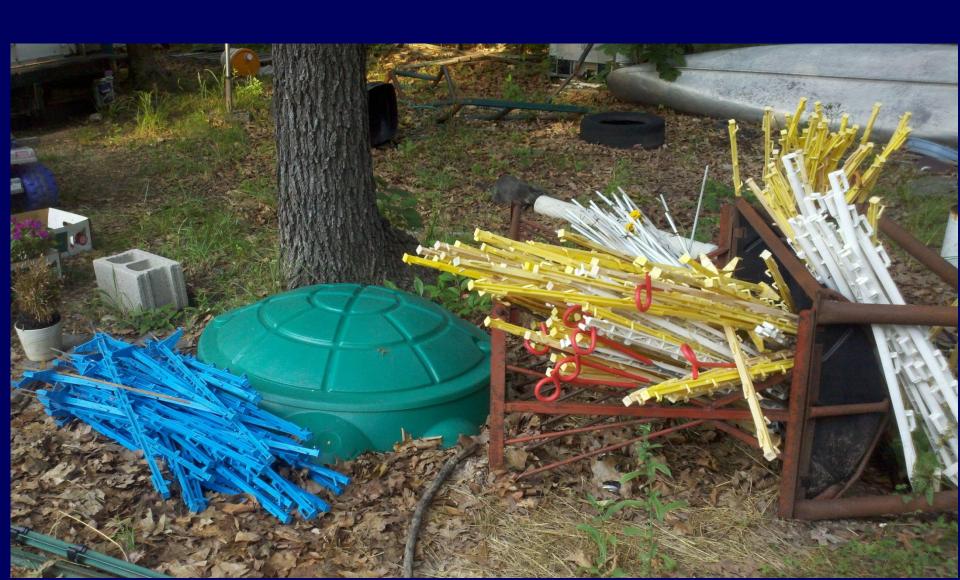
## **My Truck**



## My Yard



## My Yard



### **Last Winter**



#### Would Your Cows Eat This?



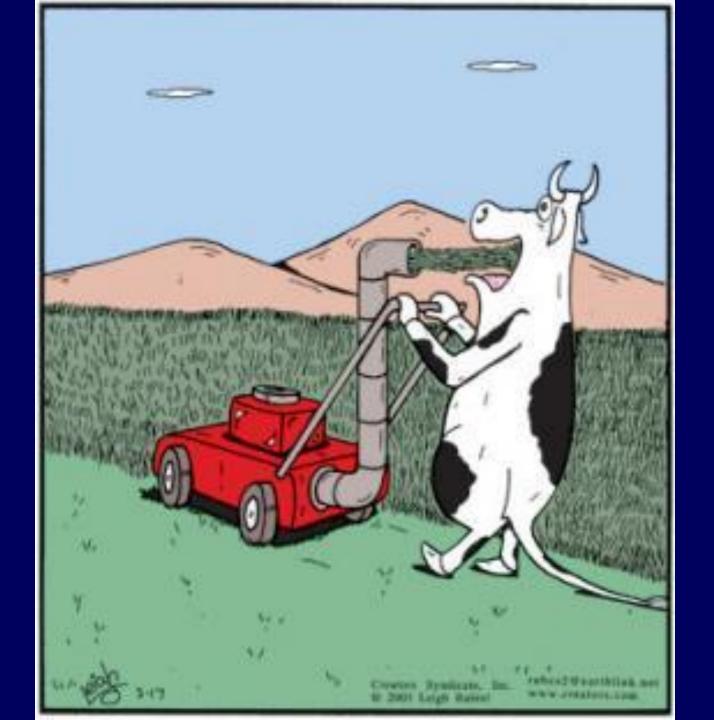




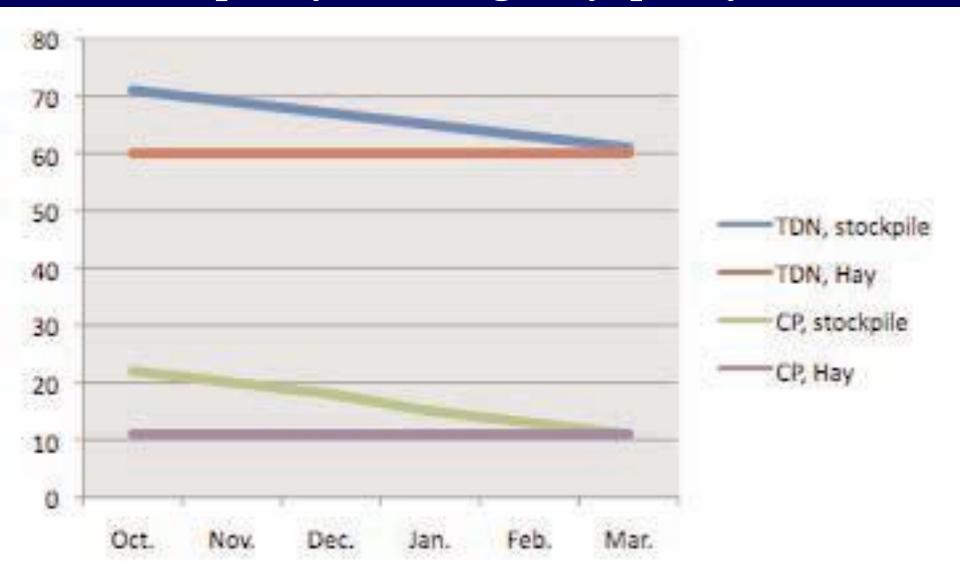






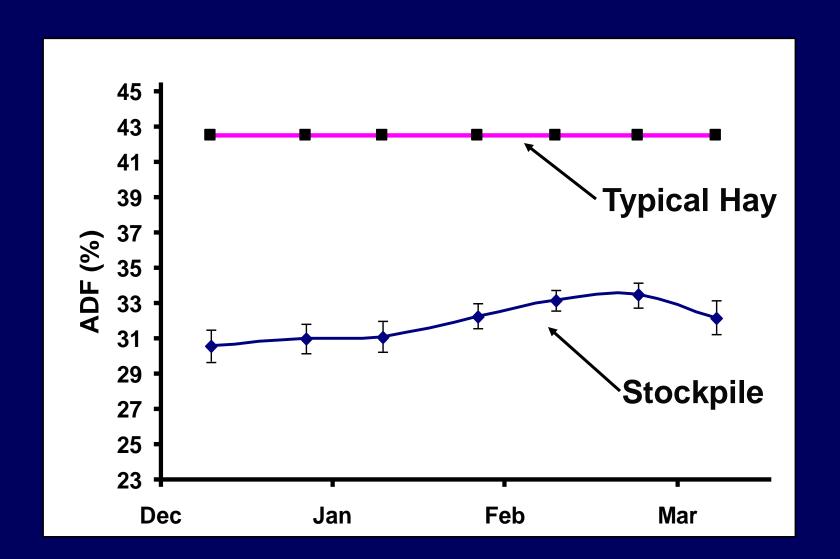


Figure 1. Comparison of stockpiled tall fescue quality to average hay quality.



Source: Mark Kennedy,, Missouri, 1997–2003, and John Jennings, Arkansas, 1998–2002.

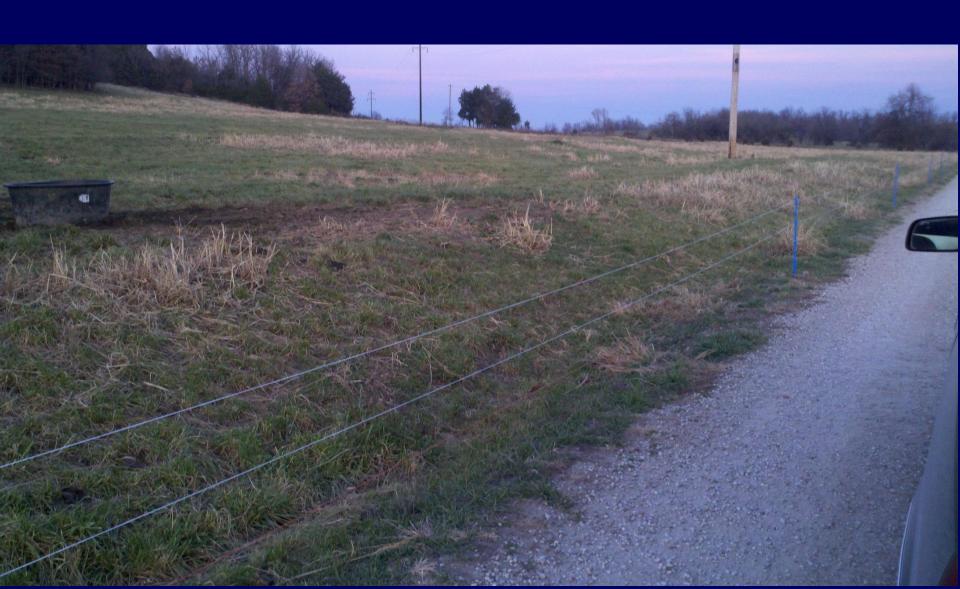
# Tall Fescue Quality in Autumn and Winter



#### **Winter Feeding Equipment**



## **Even Used Portable Water**



### Strip Grazing = Quick Return

**Use it to Reinvest** 



- Charger: \$155
- Reels: 2 @ \$100 = \$200
- Step-in Posts: 50 @ \$3.50 = \$175
- Jumper Cables: 2 @ \$5.75 = \$11.50
- Total = \$541.50



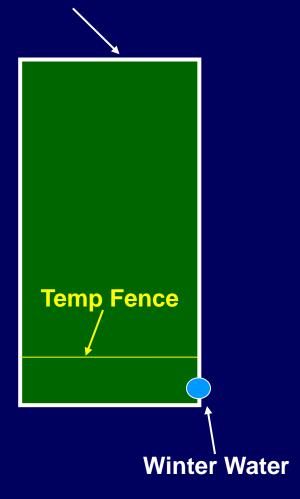
### How Long Did it Last?





#### **Strip Grazing**

**Perimeter Fence** 

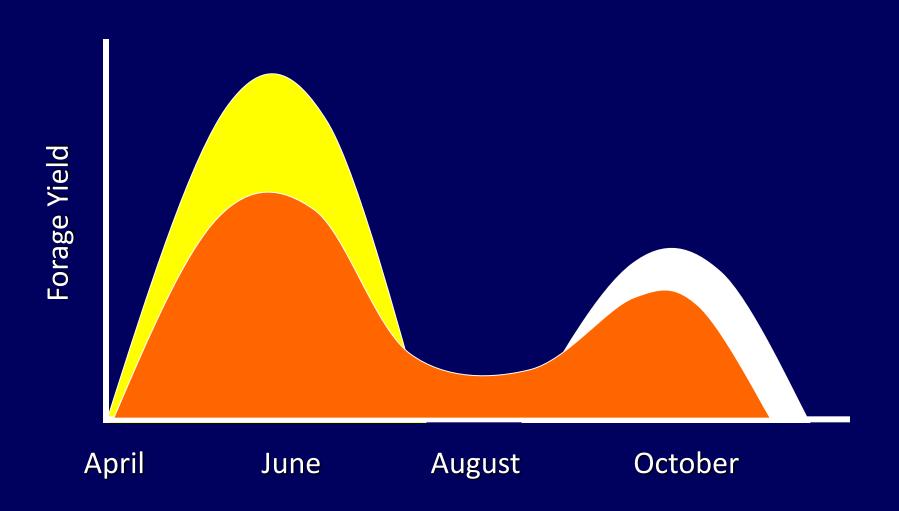


# **Utilization Rates of Stockpiled Tall Fescue**

Allocation	Utilization
days	%
3	70
7	50
14	40



#### Nitrogen for Cool-season grasses





"The more metal and fuel you put between solar energy and a cow's belly the less profitable you will be." *Jim Gerrish* 





# Some People Have Fancy Equipment I Stockpile More Grass & Utilize it Well



#### **Contact Information**

Wesley Tucker
(417) 326–4916
tuckerw@missouri.edu